

[Time: 3 Hours]

[ Marks:70]

Please check whether you have got the right question paper.

- N.B:**
1. All questions are **compulsory**.
  2. **Figures to the right indicate full marks.**
  3. **Use of scientific calculator is permitted.**

- Q.1 Answer the following:
- a) Define bioequivalence. 02
  - b) Give advantages of Transdermal route of drug administration. 02
  - c) What is the relation of apparent volume of distribution and clearance? 01
  - d) Give two characteristics of microsomal enzyme system. 02
  - e) Why is entero-hepatic circulation important in the conservation of vitamin B<sub>12</sub>? 02
  - f) What are the challenges in formulating BCS Class II drugs? 02
  - g) What are the disadvantages of physiological modeling. 02
  - h) Why is the IV route used to calculate absolute bioavailability. 02
- Q.2
- a. Explain the various types of active transport mechanisms. 04
  - b. As per Noye's Whitney equation, state the factors which affect the dissolution of drugs. 04
  - c. Discuss drug-drug interactions affecting absorption of drugs from GIT. 03
- Q.3
- a) How does the lubricant and disintegrant affect absorption? 03
  - b) What are the physico-chemical factors affecting drug distribution? 04
  - c) What are the causes of non-linearity in drug absorption and drug excretion? 04
- OR
- Discuss rate of excretion method for determination of K<sub>e</sub>. 04
- Q.4
- a. Write a short note on phase I oxidation reactions. 04
  - b. How does first pass metabolism of a drug affect systemic availability? 03
  - c. How do distribution and binding characteristics of drug affect renal clearance? 04
- Q.5
- a. Discuss how the particle size and effective surface area of a drug influences the dissolution rate? 04
  - b. Explain a dissolution apparatus which maintains sink conditions. 03
  - c. How do you measure bioavailability by urinary excretion method? 04
- OR
- Discuss advantages and disadvantages of the various methods of bioequivalence experimental study design. 04
- Q.6
- a. Describe various pharmacokinetic parameters after I.V bolus dosing. 04
- OR
- How do you determine absorption rate constant using method of residuals? 04

TURN OVER

Q.6 b. After an intravenous bolus injection of 50 mg of a drug following one compartment kinetics. The plasma concentration time profile is represented by –

$$C = 42e^{-0.04t}$$

Calculate

- a) Elimination half-life and AUC.
- b) Volume of distribution and clearance.
- c) Plasma concentration after 5 hours.
- d) Amount eliminated after 7 hours.
- e) Time required for elimination of 60% of the dose.

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02