[Time: Three Hours]

Q.P. Code:03076

[Marks:70]

12

02

02

02

02

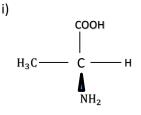
03

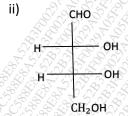
Please check whether you have got the right question paper.

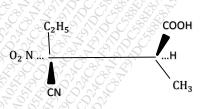
N.B: 1. All the questions are compulsory.

2. Figures to right indicate full marks.

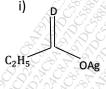
- Q.1. A) Answer the following questions:
 - a) Give the suitable structure for the following compounds (Any two)
 - i) N-Ethyl-N-Methyl-4-bromoaniline
 - ii) S, S-2-bromo-3-hydroroybutane
 - iii) 4-ethylbenzenesulfonc acid.
 - b) Assign E/Z or R/S or D/L notation and nomenclate the following as per IUPAC rules (Any two)

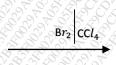




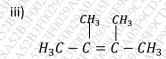


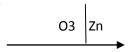
- c) Draw possible resonating structures for the following compounds i)Benzaldehyde ii)Bromobenzene
- d) Arrange the following in increasing order of acidity and justify. Phenol, P-chlorophenol, p-methonyphend.
- e) Draw optically active stereoisomeric pair of 2,3-dihydroxy butane 02
- f) Arrange the following in increasing order of basicily and justify? Aniline, p-toluidine, o-nitroaniline
- B) Give the product for the following reactions. (Any Three)

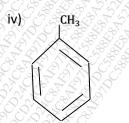






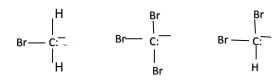






Q.P. Code:03076

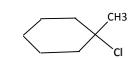
- Q.2. A) Represent 2(S), 3(R)-3-Chloro-2-butanol using various projection formulae.
- 02
- B) Arrange following carbanions in increasing order of stability and justify the same.
- 02

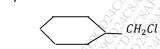


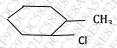
- C) What do you mean by tautomers? Enlist different types of tautomers with examples. 02
- D) List the followign alkyl halides in increasing order of SN 2 reactivily. Justify your answer.

02

02







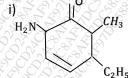
- E) Enlist different methods for resolution of racemic mixture and explain any one.
- Q.3. A) Compare E_1 and E_2 reaction of alkylhalide.
 - B) Explain the following terms with suitable examples.
 - i)Stereoselectivily
 - ii)Stereospecificity
 - iii)Mesoisomers
 - C) Explain how the stereochemistry of S_N1 and S_N2 reaction differs.

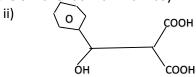
04

04

02

- Q.4. A) Arrange the followign compounds in increasing order of reactivity towards electrophilic aromatic 02 substitution reaction and justify your answer by giving suitable reasons.
 - Tolueme, Acetophenone, benzene, phenol.
 - B) Discuss orientation and stability of product formation in the nitration reaction of benzoic acid. 02
 - C) Attempt the following conversions (Any four)
 - i) Toluene to m-nitrobenzoic acid
 - ii) 1-Butene to 2-Butene
 - iii) Acetylene to 1-pentyne
 - iv) Propene to 1,5-hexadiene
 - v) o-bromoanisole to m-anisidine
 - D) Give the product for following reactions.(Any Three) 03
 - i) E-but-ene Cold.allc.KMnO₄
 - ii) Isopropylbromide Ph₃ P NaH +Acetone
 - iii) 2,4,6-trichlorobenzene $\frac{H_2O}{40^0C}$
 - iv) 2-methyl-1-propene $\frac{BH_3, H_2O_2}{}$
- Q.5. A) Identify whether the following molecules are chiral or achiral. Mark asymmetric carbon.

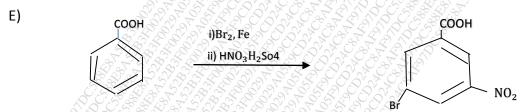




Q.P. Code:03076

02

02 B) Compare and contrast diastereomers and enantiomers. C) State Huckel's rule for aromaticily, Identify whether the given molecules are aromatic, 04 antiaromatic or non-aromatic. D) 03 Lig.NH₃ Identify the product formed when chlorobenzene is treated with sodamide in liquid ammonia and write the mechanism of the reaction. Q.6. A) Write any two methods for prepration of alkenes 02 B) Compare the stabilities of 1,4-pentadiene and 1,3-pentadiene. 02 C) Attempt the following conversions. (Any Three) 03 1-chlorocyclohexane to 3-bromocydohexene ii) 2-butyne to Z-2-butene iii) Propene to propyleneglycol iv) Cyclohexene to 1,3-cyclohexadiene.



D) Explain the orientation of chlorination reaction of alkane.

Identify flow in the above synthesis Justify your answer.